

# Charitable Contributions Recordkeeping Requirements



**William R. Rotella, CPA**  
246 S. White Horse Pike  
Audubon, NJ. 08106

## Recordkeeping Requirements

### Recordkeeping Requirements for Charitable Contributions

#### Reporting Requirement Thresholds:

- *Cash*. Do not combine separate contributions.
- *Noncash*. Combine claimed deductions of all similar items to determine \$501 or greater amount.

#### Contribution: Less than \$250

<b>Cash</b>	One of the following: 1) Bank record with organization's name, date, and amount of contribution. Bank records may include canceled check, bank statement, or credit card statement. 2) Receipt showing organization's name, date, and amount of contribution. 3) Payroll deduction record.
<b>Non-cash</b>	All of the following: Receipt from a charitable organization showing the name of the organization, date and location of the contribution, and a reasonably detailed description of property contributed.  <b>Note:</b> A receipt is not required where it is impractical to get one, such as leaving property at a charity's unattended drop site. The organization's name, date of contribution, and description of property are still required.

#### Contribution: \$250 to \$500

<b>Cash</b>	Same as less than \$250, plus: Written acknowledgement from the charitable organization or payroll deduction record. The acknowledgement must (1) show the date and amount of the contribution, (2) state whether any goods or services other than intangible religious benefits were provided by the charitable organization (including a good faith estimate of the value), and (3) a statement that the only benefit the taxpayer received was an intangible religious benefit, if that was the case.  The taxpayer must receive the acknowledgement by the earlier of the date of filing or due date of the return, including extensions.
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#### Contribution: \$250 to \$500 (continued)

<b>Non-cash</b>	Written acknowledgement from the charitable organization showing (1) the date and location of the contribution, (2) a reasonably detailed description of the contributed property, (3) whether any goods or services other than intangible religious benefits were provided by the charitable organization (including a good faith estimate of the value), and (4) a statement that the only benefit the taxpayer received was an intangible religious benefit, if that is the case.  The written acknowledgement does not need to state fair market value.  The taxpayer must receive the acknowledgement by the earlier of the date of filing or due date of the return, including extensions.
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#### Contribution: \$501 to \$5,000

<b>Cash</b>	Same as \$250 to \$500.
<b>Non-cash</b>	Same as \$250 to \$500, plus: • How property was acquired (purchase, gift, inheritance, etc.). • Approximate date property was obtained or produced. • Cost or other basis and basis adjustments.  If information about the date acquired or basis of the property is not available due to reasonable cause, attach an explanation to the return.

#### Contribution: Over \$5,000

<b>Cash</b>	Same as \$250 to \$500.
<b>Non-cash</b>	Same as \$250 to \$5,000. A written appraisal is generally required. Certain exceptions exist for written appraisals including securities with readily available market quotations.

## Part Contribution, Part Goods or Services

A written statement from a charity is required if a donation is more than \$75 and is partly a contribution and partly for goods or services. The statement must contain an estimate of the value of goods or services received.  
**Exception:** A written statement for goods or services is not required if one of the following is true.



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- 1) The charity is a federal, state, or local government, or a religious organization where the benefit is an intangible religious benefit, such as admission to a religious ceremony.
- 2) The goods or services are of token value.
- 3) The goods or services are membership benefits.

Cash Donation Tracker				
Charitable Organization	Written Receipt?	Check #	Date	Amount
<b>Total</b>				

Charitable Mileage Log		
Date	Charitable Purpose	Miles
<b>Total Miles</b>		

## Out-of-Pocket and Auto Expenses

If you do volunteer work for charitable organizations you can deduct their out-of-pocket expenses. The expense must be incurred because of the services rendered. The value of your time to render the services is not deductible. Report out-of-pocket expenses as cash contributions.

- **Auto expenses.** Deductible out-of-pocket expenses include the cost of using your auto in providing services for a charitable organization. Deduct the actual

cost of gas and oil or the standard mileage rate. Add parking and tolls to amount claimed for either standard mileage rate or actual expenses.

- **Standard mileage rate.** The general standard mileage rate for charitable deductions is 14¢ per mile for 2019.
- **Travel expenses.** The cost of travel, such as air, rail, and bus transportation, as well as meals and lodging, are deductible while away from home doing volunteer work if there is no significant element of personal pleasure, recreation, or vacation in the travel. The deduction will not be denied simply because you enjoy doing the volunteer work. However, if you have only nominal duties for the charity, or if for significant parts of the trip you do not have duties to perform, the travel expenses are not deductible.
- **Conventions.** Travel expenses to attend a convention of a qualified organization are deductible only if you are a chosen representative. Expenses to attend a church convention, for example, are not deductible if you attend as a member of the church rather than as a chosen representative.
- **Uniforms.** The cost and upkeep of uniforms not suitable for everyday use are deductible if required to be worn while performing volunteer work.

### Form 8283, Noncash Charitable Contributions

Use Form 8283, *Noncash Charitable Contributions*, to report information about noncash contributions when the total amount exceeds \$500.

Complete Section A, Form 8283	Complete Section B, Form 8283
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Items or groups of similar items* for which a deduction of \$5,000 or less per item is claimed.</li> <li>• Publicly traded securities, even if deduction exceeds \$5,000.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Items or groups of similar items* for which a deduction of more than \$5,000 is claimed.</li> <li>• Most items reported in Section B require a written appraisal.</li> </ul>

## Contact Us

There are many events that occur during the year that can affect your tax situation. Preparation of your tax return involves summarizing transactions and events that occurred during the prior year. In most situations, treatment is firmly established at the time the transaction occurs. However, negative tax effects can be avoided by proper planning. Please contact us in advance if you have questions about the tax effects of a transaction or event, including the following:

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| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Pension or IRA distributions.</li> <li>• Significant change in income or deductions.</li> <li>• Job change.</li> <li>• Marriage.</li> <li>• Attainment of age 59½ or 70½.</li> <li>• Sale or purchase of a business.</li> <li>• Sale or purchase of a residence or other real estate.</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Retirement.</li> <li>• Notice from IRS or other revenue department.</li> <li>• Divorce or separation.</li> <li>• Self-employment.</li> <li>• Charitable contributions of property in excess of \$5,000.</li> </ul> |
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This brochure contains general information for taxpayers and should not be relied upon as the only source of authority. Taxpayers should seek professional tax advice for more information.